

WHAT IS CLAIMED:

Sub 1
 1. A coated optical fiber comprising:

an optical fiber and a radiation cured coating, wherein the radiation cured coating on the optical fiber comprises an oligomer wherein the oligomer is formed from a reaction comprising a polyol having "m" hydroxyl functional groups, wherein "n" hydroxyl groups of said polyol are terminated in forming the oligomer and "m" is greater than "n".

2. The coated optical fiber in claim 1, wherein the radiation cured coating further comprises a second oligomer.
3. The coated optical fiber in claim 1, wherein $m - n \geq$ about 1.
4. The coated optical fiber in claim 3, wherein $m \leq 4$.
5. The coated optical fiber in claim 4, wherein a number average molecular weight of said oligomer is at least 6000 Daltons.
6. The coated optical fiber in claim 5, wherein the oligomer is a (meth)acrylated urethane oligomer.
7. The coated optical fiber in claim 6, wherein the radiation cured coating has a T_g of less than about -30°C .
8. The coated optical fiber in claim 7, wherein the radiation cured coating includes a monomer having a functional group or groups selected from the group consisting of acrylates, methacrylates, acrylamides, N-vinyl amides, styrenes, vinyl ethers, vinyl esters, acid esters and combinations thereof.
9. The coated optical fiber in claim 8, wherein the monomer has a viscosity of less than about 500 centipoise and the monomer is an acrylate.

an optical fiber, a radiation cured primary coating and a radiation cured secondary coating, wherein the radiation cured primary coating has a T_g of less than about -30°C , a Young's modulus of less than about 1.0 Mpa, a tensile strength of at least 50 % of the modulus and an elongation to break of at least about 100 %.

19. The coated optical fiber in claim 18, wherein the radiation cured primary coating on the optical fiber comprises an oligomer wherein the oligomer is formed from a reaction comprising a polyol having “m” hydroxyl functional groups, wherein “n” hydroxyl groups of said polyol are terminated in forming the oligomer and “m” is greater than “n”.

20. The coated optical fiber in claim 19, wherein the radiation cured primary coating has a T_g of less than about -40°C , a Young's modulus of less than about 1.0 Mpa, a tensile strength of at least 50 % of the modulus and an elongation to break of at least about 100 %.

21. The coated optical fiber in claim 20, wherein the radiation cured primary coating comprises an oligomer wherein a number average molecular weight of said oligomer is at least 6000 Daltons.

22. The coated optical fiber in claim 21, wherein the radiation cured secondary coating has a Young's modulus greater than the Young's modulus of the radiation cured primary coating.

23. The coated optical fiber in claim 22, wherein the radiation cured secondary coating has a Young's modulus of greater than about 600 Mpa.

24. The coated optical fiber in claim 23, wherein “m” – “n” \geq about 1 and “m” \leq about 4.

25. A coated optical fiber comprising:

- an optical fiber,
- a radiation cured primary coating and
- a radiation cured secondary coating

wherein the radiation cured primary coating is the cured product of a bulk composition comprising:

- an acrylated urethane oligomer,
- an ethylenically unsaturated monomer and
- a photoinitiator;

wherein the oligomer is formed from a reaction comprising a polyol having "m" hydroxyl functional groups, wherein "n" hydroxyl groups of said polyol are terminated in forming the oligomer and "m" is greater than "n", and said polyol has a number average molecular weight of at least 4000 Daltons;

wherein the ethylenically unsaturated monomer has a number average molecular weight of less than about 1000 Daltons;

wherein the radiation cured primary coating has a Young's modulus of less than about 1.0 MPa, a T_g of less than about $-30\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, an elongation to break of at least about 100%, and a tensile strength of at least 50% of the Young's modulus; and

wherein the cured radiation curable secondary coating has a Young's modulus of greater than about 600 MPa.

26. The coated optical fiber in claim 25, wherein " m " - " n " \geq about 1 and " m " \leq about 4.

27. The coated optical fiber in claim 26, wherein the radiation cured coating further comprises a second oligomer.

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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370	371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440	441	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460	461	462	463	464	465	466	467	468	469	470	471	472	473	474	475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484	485	486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495	496	497	498	499	500	501	502	503	504	505	506	507	508	509	510	511	512	513	514	515	516	517	518	519	520	521	522	523	524	5
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- wherein the coated optical fiber has a micro-bend attenuation as measured by the LLWM test of less than about 0.3 dB/m at a wavelength of 1310 nm, of less than about 0.35 dB/m at a wavelength of 1550 nm, and of less than about 0.55 dB/m at a wavelength of 1625 nm.

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wherein the oligomer is formed from a reaction comprising a polyol having “m” hydroxyl functional groups, wherein “n” hydroxyl groups of said polyol are terminated in forming the oligomer and “m” is greater than “n”.

36. The coated optical fiber in claim 35, wherein the ethylenically unsaturated monomer has an number average molecular weight of less than about 1000 Daltons.

38. The coated optical fiber in claim 37, wherein the cured radiation curable secondary coating has a Young's modulus of greater than about 600 MPa.

40. The coated optical fiber in claim 39, wherein the coated optical fiber has a micro-bend attenuation as measured by the EDM test of less than about 0.151 (dB/km)/%strain at a wavelength of 1310 nm, of less than about 0.75 (dB/km)/%strain at a wavelength of 1550 nm, and of less than about 1.4 (dB/km)/%strain at a wavelength of 1625 nm.

41. The coated optical fiber in claim 33, wherein the optical fiber has an effective area greater than about $70 \mu\text{m}^2$, said effective area measured at a wavelength of 1550 nm, and the coated optical fiber has a micro-bend attenuation as measured by the LLWM test of less than about 0.1 dB/m at a wavelength of 1310 nm, of less than about 0.3 dB/m at a wavelength of 1550 nm, and of less than about 1.0 dB/m at a wavelength of 1625 nm.

42. The coated optical fiber in claim 41, wherein the optical fiber has an effective area greater than about $70 \mu\text{m}^2$, said effective area measured at a wavelength of 1550 nm, and the coated optical fiber has a micro-bend attenuation as measured by the EDM test of less than about 0.151 (dB/km)/%strain at a wavelength of 1310 nm, of less than about 2.0 (dB/km)/%strain at a wavelength of 1550 nm, and of less than about 4.0 (dB/km)/%strain at a wavelength of 1625 nm.

43. A coating for an optical fiber comprising:
a radiation curable primary coating

wherein the radiation curable primary coating comprises an oligomer wherein the oligomer is formed from a reaction comprising a polyol having "m" hydroxyl functional groups, wherein "n" hydroxyl groups of said polyol are terminated in forming the oligomer and "m" is greater than "n".

44. The coating in claim 43, wherein the radiation cured coating further comprises a second oligomer.

45. The coating in claim 43, wherein "m" - "n" \geq about 1.

46. The coating in claim 45, wherein $m \leq$ about 4.

47. The coating in claim 46, wherein a number average molecular weight of said oligomer is at least 6000 Daltons.

48. The coating in claim 47, wherein the oligomer is a (meth)acrylate urethane oligomer.

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49. The coating in claim 48, wherein the radiation cured coating has a T_g of less than about -40°C .

50. The coating in claim 49, wherein the radiation cured coating includes a monomer having a functional group or groups selected from the group consisting of acrylates, methacrylates, acrylamides, N-vinyl amides, styrenes, vinyl ethers, vinyl esters, acid esters and combinations thereof.

51. The coating in claim 50, wherein the monomer has a viscosity of less than about 500 centipoise and the monomer is an acrylate.

52. The coating in claim 51, wherein the radiation cured coating has a Young's modulus of less than about 0.85 MPa.

53. The coating in claim 52, wherein the radiation cured coating has an elongation at break of greater than about 100 %.

54. A method of coating an optical fiber comprising the steps of:

- (a) drawing an optical fiber comprising a core and a cladding;
- (b) coating the optical fiber with a radiation curable coating; and
- (c) irradiating the optical fiber at a dose level of from about 0.5 J/cm^2 to about 1.0 J/cm^2 ;

wherein the coated optical fiber has a micro-bend attenuation as measured by the LLWM test of less than about 0.3 dB/m at a wavelength of 1310 nm, of less than about 0.35 dB/m at a wavelength of 1550 nm, and of less than about 0.55 dB/m at a wavelength of 1625 nm.

55. The method in claim 54, wherein the radiation curable coating comprises an oligomer wherein the oligomer is formed from a reaction comprising a polyol having "m" hydroxyl functional groups, wherein "n" hydroxyl groups of said polyol are terminated in forming the oligomer and "m" is greater than "n".

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56. The method in claim 55, wherein the radiation cured coating further comprises a second oligomer.

57. The method in claim 55, wherein "m" - "n" \geq about 1.

58. The method in claim 57, wherein $m \leq$ about 4.

59. The coated optical fiber in claim 54, wherein the coated optical fiber has a micro-bend attenuation as measured by the LLWM test of less than about 0.1 dB/m at a wavelength of 1310 nm, of less than about 0.15 dB/m at a wavelength of 1550 nm, and of less than about 0.25 dB/m at a wavelength of 1625 nm.

60. The coated optical fiber in claim 59, wherein the coated optical fiber has a micro-bend attenuation as measured by the EDM test of less than about 0.151 (dB/km)/%strain at a wavelength of 1310 nm, of less than about 0.75 (dB/km)/%strain at a wavelength of 1550 nm, and of less than about 1.4 (dB/km)/%strain at a wavelength of 1625 nm.

61. The coated optical fiber in claim 54, wherein the optical fiber has an effective area greater than about $70 \mu\text{m}^2$, said effective area measured at a wavelength of 1550 nm, and the coated optical fiber has a micro-bend attenuation as measured by the LLWM test of less than about 0.1 dB/m at a wavelength of 1310 nm, of less than about 0.3 dB/m at a wavelength of 1550 nm, and of less than about 1.0 dB/m at a wavelength of 1625 nm.

62. The coated optical fiber in claim 61, wherein the optical fiber has an effective area greater than about $70 \mu\text{m}^2$, said effective area measured at a wavelength of 1550 nm, and the coated optical fiber has a micro-bend attenuation as measured by the EDM test of less than about 0.151 (dB/km)/%strain at a wavelength of 1310 nm, of less than about 2.0 (dB/km)/%strain at a wavelength of 1550 nm, and of less than about 4.0 (dB/km)/%strain at a wavelength of 1625 nm.

63. A method of making an optical fiber coating comprising the steps of :

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- (a) reacting an isocyanate with an ethylenically unsaturated compound having OH, SH or NH₂ groups to form an intermediate;
 - (b) reacting the intermediate with a polyol having "m" hydroxyl groups wherein "n" hydroxyl groups of the polyol are terminated by the intermediate to form an oligomer with "m" - "n" free hydroxyl groups; and
 - (c) blending the oligomer with a monomer and a photoinitiator.

64. The method in claim 63, wherein "m" - "n" \geq about 1.

65. The method in claim 64, wherein $m \leq$ about 4

66. The method in claim 65, wherein the formed oligomer has a number average molecular weight of at least 6000 Dalton.

67. The method in claim 66, wherein the monomer has a functional group or groups selected from the group consisting of acrylates, methacrylates, acrylamides, N-vinyl amides, styrenes, vinyl ethers, vinyl esters, acid esters and combinations thereof.

68. The method in claim 67, wherein the monomer has a viscosity of less than about 500 centipoise and the monomer is an acrylate.

69. The method in claim 68, wherein the ethylenically unsaturated compound which is reacted with the isocyanate has one equivalent of OH, SH or NH₂ for every two equivalents of NCO of the isocyanate.

70. A method of making an oligomer for an optical fiber coating comprising the steps of :
 (a) reacting an isocyanate with an ethylenically unsaturated compound having OH, SH or NH₂ groups to form an intermediate with some free isocyanate groups; and

(b) reacting the intermediate with a polyol having "m" hydroxyl groups wherein "n" hydroxyl groups of the polyol are terminated by the intermediate to form an oligomer with "m" - "n" free hydroxyl groups.

71. The method in claim 70, wherein "m" - "n" \geq about 1.
72. The method in claim 71, wherein $m \leq$ about 4
73. The method in claim 72, wherein the formed oligomer has a number average molecular weight of at least 6000 Dalton.
74. The method in claim 73, wherein the ethylenically unsaturated compound which is reacted with the isocyanate has one equivalent of OH, SH or NH₂ for every two equivalents of NCO of the isocyanate.
75. The coated optical fiber in claim 6, wherein the radiation cured coating has a T_g of less than about - 35°C.
76. The coated optical fiber in claim 6, wherein the radiation cured coating has a T_g of less than about - 40°C.
77. The coated optical fiber in claim 13, wherein the coated optical fiber has a micro-bend attenuation as measured by the LLWM test of less than about 0.3 dB/m at a wavelength of 1310 nm, of less than about 0.35 dB/m at a wavelength of 1550 nm, and of less than about 0.55 dB/m at a wavelength of 1625 nm.
78. The coated optical fiber in claim 77, wherein the coated optical fiber has a micro-bend attenuation as measured by the EDM test of less than about 0.35 (dB/km)/%strain at a wavelength of 1310 nm, of less than about 1.1 (dB/km)/%strain at a wavelength of 1550 nm, and of less than about 2.0 (dB/km)/%strain at a wavelength of 1625 nm.

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